Widgets are so passe are you ready for components?

Texas GIS Forum – November 5th, 2025

Why this Topic?

 For many years ESRI has used JavaScript-based widgets to bundle up functionality to work with its technologies and ArcGIS Maps SDK for JavaScript.

Why - continued

• Over a decade in fact that they've been doing this pattern. It started with the first framework they adopted to do custom 'thin JavaScript clients' for the web – Dojo.

```
[esri.widgets.Home] DEPRECATED - This widget is deprecated. Use the Home component instead.

% Replacement: <arcgis-home></arcgis-home>

@ Version: 4.32

% See for more details:
    Home component reference: https://www.esriurl.com/arcgis-home/
    Esri's move to web components: https://www.esriurl.com/components-transition-plan/
```

• This last spring while teaching a Web GIS Scripting course at ACC, I started getting warnings like these

Status Quo Shake Up!

Why - continued

• The link in that message led me to this post on ESRI's site...

Transition plan: widgets to components

Esri is fully committed to building standards-based <u>web components</u> that extend the core API of the JavaScript Maps SDK into reusable custom HTML elements, such as <u><arcgis-map></arcgis-map></u>. This applies to both internal development of ArcGIS products, as well as the <u>pre-built UI components</u> that are offered as part of the JavaScript Maps SDK. Today, the recommended approach for building web apps with the SDK is to use components.

Component benefits &

This shift in architecture maximizes productivity of front-end web development. Custom elements provide a familiar (HTML, CSS, JS) programming experience and enable seamless integration with application frameworks. In addition, since we are encapsulating ArcGIS experiences as web components in Esri products, we are able deliver proven workflows as configurable components in the SDK (such as the already released <u>Arcade Editor</u> and <u>Charts components</u>). The SDK's collection of higher-level components will continue to grow over time.

When!!!!????

Another part of that post had this for a timeline

- Once a component in the <u>@arcgis/map-components</u> package has been updated in their implementation to no longer wrap widget code, the equivalent widget will be deprecated. Deprecations will be signified in the <u>release</u> <u>notes</u>, API reference, and console messages.
- All widgets will be deprecated as early as Q1 2026.
- All widgets will be removed from the SDK as early as Q1 2027.

Q1 2026

• Yes. We are ALREADY in Q1 2026 (started September 2025)

Announcement === Big Deal!!

- This was a big deal!
- A change in the overall pattern or philosophy of how ESRI was going to provide bundled functionality by building custom html-based components

Broader Implications

- I teach and have taught GIS folks in workforce GIS since 2010 at ACC – and the patterns and ideas.
- HYPERBOLE ALERT I realized that component-based access was in some ways going to shake the foundations of how folks get into GIS web scripting. Component-based is by nature a more complex coding pattern than widgets.

Let's Compare

```
let legend = new Legend({
                              599
                                                   view: begView,
                                                 })
der.vue
                                                 let bkExpand = new Expand({
vePlot.vue
                                                   view: begView,
                              603
vePlotArchived.vue
vePlotb4StatewideRefactorInjections.
                                                   content: legend,
vePlotBeforeMajorRefactorOct262025
                                                   expanded: true,
trols.vue
                                                   expandTooltip: 'Show Legend'
es.vue
                                                 });
esB4Changes2Floating.vue
e.vue
                                                 begView.ui.add(bkExpand, "bottom-left");
25
```

Let's Compare

```
<!-- Load Map components from CDN-->
 <script type="module" src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/map-components/"></script>
 <style>
  html.
  body {
    margin: 0;
  arcgis-map {
    display: block;
    height: 100vh;
</style>
/head>
body>
 <arcgis-map item-id="05e015c5f0314db9a487a9b46cb37eca">
   <arcgis-zoom slot="top-left"></arcgis-zoom>
   <arcgis-legend slot="bottom-right"></arcgis-legend>
 </arcgis-map>
```

Wait a minute...

That's not really so bad is it?

I am kidding here...

I am showing you how components are sold – "easy peasy"

Just add a tag and go!

Ok That's It

Do you think that's it?

Reality Check!

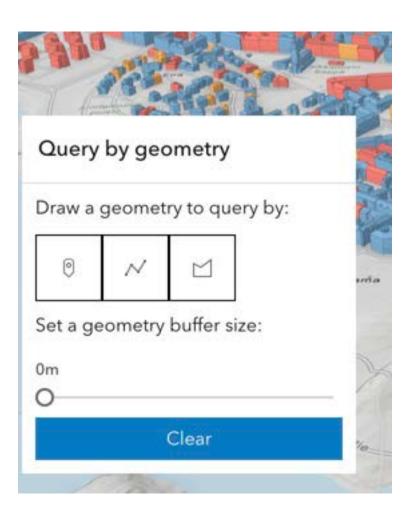
Of course not...

because doing something more complex becomes much more difficult.

Check out this pattern to include some graphics tools to map app

```
<body>
  <arcqis-scene item-id="fb5948b2bb76439792786000b942e5b7">
    <arcgis-zoom slot="top-left"></arcgis-zoom>
    <arcgis-navigation-toggle slot="top-left"></arcgis-navigation-toggle>
    <arcgis-compass slot="top-left"></arcgis-compass>
    <calcite-panel id="queryPanel" slot="bottom-left" heading="Query by geometry">
      <div id="queryPanelContent">
        <calcite-label>Draw a geometry to query by:</calcite-label>
        <calcite-action-bar id="actionBar" layout="horizontal" expand-disabled>
          <calcite-action text="Query by point" id="pointBtn" value="point" icon="pin"></calcite
            -action>
          <calcite-action text="Query by line" id="lineBtn" value="polyline" icon="line"></calcite
            -action>
          <calcite-action text="Query by polygon" id="polygonBtn" value="polygon" icon="polygon"
           ></calcite-action>
       </calcite-action-bar>
        <calcite-label for="bufferSlider">Set a geometry buffer size:</calcite-label>
        <calcite-slider id="bufferSlider" min="0" max="1000" value="0" step="10" label-handles
         ></calcite-slider>
        <calcite-button id="clearGeometry" width="full">Clear</calcite-button>
      </div>
    </calcite-panel>
    <calcite-panel id="resultPanel" slot="top-right">
      <div id="resultPanelContent">
        <div class="count">
          <span>Selected Buildings: </span>
          <span id="count">0</span>
        e/divs
```

Gives You This



New Component Method

All Together

```
<body>
 <arcqis-scene item-id="fb5948b2bb76439792786000b942e5b7">
   <arcgis-zoom slot="top-left"></arcgis-zoom>
   <arcgis-navigation-toggle slot="top-left"></arcgis-navigation-toggle>
   <arcgis-compass slot="top-left"></arcgis-compass>
   <calcite-panel id="queryPanel" slot="bottom-left" heading="Ouery by geometry">
     <div id="queryPanelContent">
       <calcite-label>Draw a geometry to query by:</calcite-label>
        <calcite-action-bar id="actionBar" layout="horizontal" expand-disabled>
         <calcite-action text="Query by point" id="pointBtn" value="point" icon="pin"></calcite
           -action>
         <calcite-action text="Query by line" id="lineBtn" value="polyline" icon="line"></calcite</pre>
           -action>
         <calcite-action text="Query by polygon" id="polygonBtn" value="polygon" icon="polygon"
           ></calcite-action>
       </calcite-action-bar>
        <calcite-label for="bufferSlider">Set a geometry buffer size:</calcite-label>
        <calcite-slider id="bufferSlider" min="0" max="1000" value="0" step="10" label-handles
         ></calcite-slider>
       <calcite-button id="clearGeometry" width="full">Clear</calcite-button>
     </div>
   </calcite-panel>
   <calcite-panel id="resultPanel" slot="top-right">
     <div id="resultPanelContent">
       <div class="count">
         <span>Selected Buildings: </span>
         <span id="count">0</span>
        e/divs
```

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Draw a	geomet	ry to query b	oy:	
0	~			ma
Set a ge	eometry	buffer size:		
0m				1
0				
	7	Clear	3	0
-/	- 150x			

£63

And for comparison - Widget

R

· N

```
const graphicsLayer = new GraphicsLayer();
   const map = new Map({
     basemap: "topo-vector",
     layers: [graphicsLayer],
                                                               R
   });
    const view = new MapView({
     container: "viewDiv",
     map: map,
     zoom: 18,
     center: [139.5716, 35.6964],
   1);
   view.when(() -> {
     const sketch = new Sketch({
       layer: graphicsLayer,
       view: view,
       // graphic will be selected as soon as it is created
       creationMode: "update",
     });
     view.ui.add(sketch, "top-right");
   3);
 </script>
</head>
<body>
 <div id="viewDiv"></div>
</body>
```

The two philosophies are vastly different!!!

- There is a large increase in the *wordiness* of the component method or you might say its syntax is *crunchier*.
- There are benefits to this though you have finer grain control but if you don't want it

OR

 You aren't ready to deal with that level of detail it can be overwhelming

Let's take a stroll

 Let's walk through some of the patterns and see if there are some better pathways or at least more intuitive ways to get started using the new component views

Ready?!?!

Any Questions so far?

Once more unto the Breach then, Dear GISers!

 The comparison code I will be displaying/showcasing is a template that I am making public up on github https://github.com/brentporter/ComponentESRIStarter

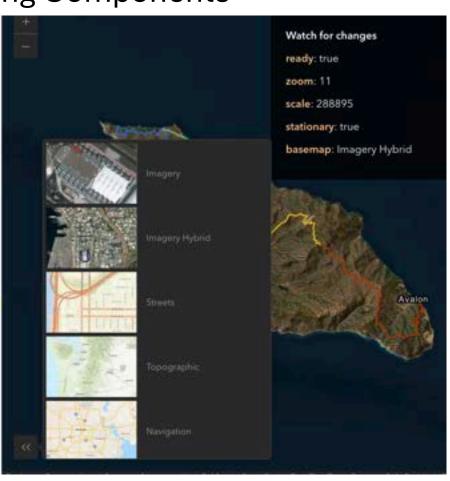
```
at basemapSelect :HTMLEwmoni = document.getElementDyId( signature 'basemap-selec
nst locationSelect: HTMLEHrant = document.getElementById( elementE: 'location-se
net addMarkerStn :HTMLElement = document.getElementRyId( elementRi 'add-narker');
inst loader HTMLElement = document.getElementById( mammand 'loader');
mst seojsonInput :HTM.Dermont = document.getElementSyld( emmandd 'geojson-incut
ost fileNameDisplay: HTMLEHmon: = document.getElementByIo[ mismards: 'file-name'
inst layerListEl HTMLDernord = document.getElementById( minimulis 'layer-list');
inst notification :HTMLHermon = document.getElementById( monomid 'notification'
inst recoveHarkerStn HTMLEwment = document.getElementById( www.mid 'romove-mar
est LoadedLayers (Mopenny, any) * Hew Map();
Initialize app
mc function init() Promise void> (
 swait mapEl.arcgisViewReadyChange:
 looder.style.display a 'mone';
 Setup all event listerers
 otion setupEventListeners() word {
 removeMarkerStm.addEventListener[ home 'click', handleRemoveAllMarkers);
 basemapSelect.addEventListener( type 'change', handleBasemapChange)
```



Default ESRI Starter Code

Sample App from Maps SDK Site using Components

```
<!-- Load the ArcGIS Maps SDK for JavaScript from CDN -->
 <script src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/"></script>
 <!-- Load Map components from CDN -->
 <script type="module" src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/map-components/"</pre>
   ></script>
</head>
<body class="calcite-mode-dark">
  <arcgis-map id="map" item-id="ceb8954a5f2c457284c5074efd5a5ca0">
    <arcgis-zoom slot="top-left"></arcgis-zoom>
   <arcgis-expand slot="bottom-left" expanded>
      <arcgis-basemap-gallery></arcgis-basemap-gallery>
   </arcgis-expand>
    <div id="info" slot="top-right">
      <b>Watch for changes</b><br />
      <div id="messages"></div>
   </div>
  </arcgis-map>
 <script type="module">
   const reactiveUtils = await $arcgis.import("@arcgis/core/core
      /reactiveUtils.js");
   const mapElement = document.getElementById("map");
   const logElement = document.getElementById("messages");
   await mapElement.viewOnReady();
```



First Peeve

 It is very difficult to find samples of ESRI's components that DON'T use Portal IDs...

```
<!-- Load the ArcGIS Maps SDK for JavaScript from CDN -->
  <script src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/"></script>
 <!-- Load Map components from CDN -->
 <script type="module" src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/map-components/"
   ></script>
</head>
<body class="calcite-mode-dark">
 <arcgis-map id="map" item-id="ceb8954a5f2c457284c5074efd5a5ca0">
   <arcgis-zoom slot="top-left"></arcgis-zoom>
   <arcgis-expand slot="bottom-left" expanded>
      <arcgis-basemap-gallery></arcgis-basemap-gallery>
   </arcgis-expand>
   <div id="info" slot="top-right">
      <b>Watch for changes</b><br />
      <div id="messages"></div>
   </div>
  </arcqis-map>
```

Why you do this to me Dimi?

Any Movie Buffs know what that's from?



The Exorcist

This is how it makes me feel when I see portal ids in the sample code!

Why doesn't Brent like Portal IDs

- Portal IDs have NO context!
- Does ceb8954a5f2c457284c5 074efd5a5ca0 mean anything to you?
- It doesn't mean anything to me either.

```
<!-- Load the ArcGIS Maps SDK for JavaScript from CDN -->
  <script src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/"></script>
  <!-- Load Map components from CDN -->
 <script type="module" src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/map-components/"</pre>
   ></script>
</head>
<body class="calcite-mode-dark">
  <arcgis-map id="map" item-id="ceb8954a5f2c457284c5074efd5a5ca0">
    <arcgis-zoom slot="top-left"></arcgis-zoom>
    <arcgis-expand slot="bottom-left" expanded>
      <arcgis-basemap-gallery></arcgis-basemap-gallery>
    </arcgis-expand>
    <div id="info" slot="top-right">
      <b>Watch for changes</b><br />
      <div id="messages"></div>
    </div>
  </arcqis-map>
```

Why doesn't Brent like Portal IDs

Conspiracy Theory Alert!!!

• I think ESRI using portal AND portal ids are just a way to surreptiously push us all into using ArcGIS.com for our mapping platform.

In Time... they say.

```
<!-- Load the ArcGIS Maps SDK for JavaScript from CDN -->
  <script src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/"></script>
  <!-- Load Map components from CDN -->
 <script type="module" src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/map-components/"</pre>
   ></script>
</head>
<body class="calcite-mode-dark">
  <arcgis-map id="map" item-id="ceb8954a5f2c457284c5074efd5a5ca0">
    <arcgis-zoom slot="top-left"></arcgis-zoom>
    <arcgis-expand slot="bottom-left" expanded>
      <arcgis-basemap-gallery></arcgis-basemap-gallery>
    </arcgis-expand>
    <div id="info" slot="top-right">
      <b>Watch for changes</b><br />
      <div id="messages"></div>
    </div>
  </arcqis-map>
```

Ok Mr Tin Foil – What do we use instead??!!?

- Basemap IDs!
- These do have context! They make sense and are not as ephemeral as a generated id inside arcgis.com (or your own AGOO/portal)
- Examples
 - Topo-Vector
 - Satellite
 - More in the shot to the right
- PLAIN ENGLISH amiright?

These Values...

- Are in a select dropdown a plain vanilla JS dropdown.
- And we can watch for them to change and swap it out in our map component!
- Much Better, imho

Compare

ESRI Portal ID

```
<!-- Load the ArcGIS Maps SDK for JavaScript from CDN -->
 <script src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/"></script>
  <!-- Load Map components from CDN -->
 <script type="module" src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.34/map-components/"</pre>
   ></script>
</head>
<body class="calcite-mode-dark">
 <arcgis-map id="map" item-id="ceb8954a5f2c457284c5074efd5a5ca0">
   <arcgis-zoom slot="top-left"></arcgis-zoom>
   <arcgis-expand slot="bottom-left" expanded>
      <arcgis-basemap-gallery></arcgis-basemap-gallery>
    </arcgis-expand>
   <div id="info" slot="top-right">
      <b>Watch for changes</b><br />
      <div id="messages"></div>
   </div>
  </arcais-map>
```

ESRI Basemap ID

What else? Two Roads* for Development

The ESRI samples do have lots of interesting functionality.

And the components method of doing things involves one of two things

- 1. Using a JavaScript Framework react, vue or angular for example. Used in conjunction with the framework.
- 2. Plain vanilla samples like some of the snippets we've already been looking at.

Let's look at both

^{*} Really 3 – but we will get to that.

First Road JavaScript Frameworks Integration

JavaScript Frameworks

- Pros (just a few I promise I am not going to dive into a rabbit hole)
 - Lots of Energy and Excitement around the frameworks interesting working with them (at least for the developers).
 - They scale well! People are doing incredible things with these frameworks (and others) that could use spatial integration

Cons

- Learning Curve can be quite high. Particularly if you are coming from a GIS background and not a developer background
- The samples are ok that ESRI provides but not great particularly for a beginner.

First Road JavaScript Frameworks Integration

JavaScript Frameworks

- ESRI's github for jsapi resources <u>https://github.com/Esri/jsapi-resources</u>
- And for components specifically
- https://github.com/Esri/jsapiresources/tree/main/componentsamples

coding-components-angular	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#590)
coding-components-react	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#590)
coding-components-vite	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#590)
components-eauth	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#590)
disconnected-environment	fix: move esriConfig in disconnected enviro sample (#593
map-and-charts-components-angular	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#590)
map-and-charts-components-cdn	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#590)
map-and-charts-components-react	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#590)
map-and-charts-components-typescript	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#590)
map-and-charts-components-vite	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#590)
map-and-charts-components-vue	chore; update samples for 4.34 release (#590)
map-and-charts-components-webpack	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#690)
map-components-geometry-operator-worker	chore: update samples for 4.34 release (#690)

First Road JavaScript Frameworks Integration

My personal fav for the frameworks is VueJS Let's look at an example to get what I'm saying

- https://github.com/Esri/jsapiresources/blob/main/componentsamples/map-and-chartscomponentsvue/src/components/Map.vue
- This is a trivial example though.
- It adds a point on the map after it loads a portal item.
- They really need to give these samples the same treatment they use on the developers site!

```
// Create and add the graphic
const pointGraphic = new Graphic({
   geometry: point,
   symbol: markerSymbol,
});

viewElement.graphics.add(pointGraphic);
};

</script>

<template>
   <arcgis=nap item-id="82b37471d5d84cacbebcccd785468e94" @arcgisViewReadyChange="handleViewReady">
        <arcgis=chart layer=item-id="aldcdab248cc4618b6426fd5b16186c8" chart=index="8" slot="bottom-right">
        <arcgis=chart layer=item-id="aldcdab248cc4618b6426fd5b16186c8" chart=index="8" slot="bottom-right">
        <arcgis=search slot="top-right"></arcgis=search>
        <arcgis=legend slot="bottom-left"></arcgis=legend>
        </arcgis=nap>
    </template>
```

Second Road - Plain Vanilla JavaScript

- Pros (no rabbit's holes here either)
 - Lower bar for entry
 - Lots of examples on ESRI's SDK website https://developers.arcgis.com/javascript/latest/
- Cons
 - If you're not careful your app can get complicated quickly.
 - And remember, if we are looking at this coming at this from someone with a GIS background, there can be a lot to manage!
 - Things like promises and async calls, etc.

Second Road - Plain Vanilla JavaScript

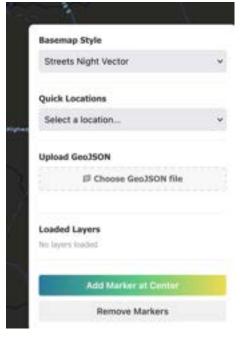
- The template I am providing via github is a nice starter plain vanilla web app.
- It uses an initializer to setup the core elements and some event registers for the custom controls that need them

```
Initialize app
async function init():Promise<void> {
   await mapEl.arcgisViewReadyChange;
   loader.style.display = 'none';
  Setup all event listeners
Function setupEventListeners() : void {
   removeMarkerBtn.addEventListener(type: 'click', handleRemoveAllMarkers);
   basemapSelect.addEventListener(type: 'change', handleBasemapChange);
   locationSelect.addEventListener(type: 'change', handleLocationChange);
   addMarkerBtn.addEventListener( type: 'click', handleAddMarker);
   geojsonInput.addEventListener( type: 'change', handleGeoJSONUpload);
```

Second Road - Plain Vanilla JavaScript

 There are some handy functions for showing you how to add graphics to the map (and how to

stylize them).



```
async function handleAddMarker(): Promise<void>
   const view : Window | ArrayBufferView = mapEl.view;
   const center = view.center;
   const point : {...} = {
        type: 'point',
        longitude: center.longitude,
        latitude: center.latitude
   1;
   const markerSymbol : {...} = {
        type: 'simple-marker',
        color: [226, 119, 48],
        outline: {
            color: [255, 255, 255],
            width: 2
        Ъ,
        size: 12
   const pointGraphic = new Graphic({
        geometry: point,
        symbol: markerSymbol,
        attributes:
```

My Choice for the GIS Professional building their way into Web GIS

Vanilla JavaScript!

 At least to start. As you become more comfortable and IF you decide you want to dive into rabbit holes, chose a framework and go for it!

 Let's tool around this template a bit to show you what's there!

Recap of Choices

1. Vanilla JavaScript w/some components & programmatic functionality/components

2. ESRI Components

3. ESRI Component Library Integration with JavaScript Frameworks



Recap of Choices – Some Pros of Each

 Can completely (or nearly completely) decide on what to do and how you are doing it! Lots of flexibility

2. ESRI Components look really professional/ESRI-coded! Familiarity is useful when pushing out apps.

3. Scalability! And robust ecosystems for each of the Frameworks means that you lots of prebuilt/plugin-style choices for doing different things.

Increasing
Difficulty
as project
Complexity
Increases

Recap of Choices – A Few Cons of Each

- 1. Really can become difficult as the complexity increases. It's a paradox really. It is easy to get started, hard once you are 'in the stew'.
- 2. Can be very crunchy! See slide earlier for reference. And you are kind of locked in for look-and-feel. Sometimes feels like you are wading through unnecessary code just for UI.
- 3. Frameworks are really the definition of a 2-edged sword! They have this incredible ecosystem but also your worldview on app dev has to sync with the framework otherwise you are swimming upstream!

Increasing
Difficulty
as project
Complexity
Increases

Any Questions NOW?

- Again, here is the link to the github repo
- https://github.com/brentporter/ComponentESRIStarter

 As was mentioned at the beginning I work at BEG here on the Pickle Campus and for Austin Community College if you want to get in touch with me.

Thanks!